

NR 22-08-C

For Immediate Release April 22, 2008

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Judy Chu Releases 1st Quarter 2007 Taxable Sales

Judy Chu, Ph.D., Chair of the State Board of Equalization (BOE), today released figures indicating sales in California went up modestly in the first quarter of 2007, reflecting a continuation of slower overall economic growth that started in late 2006.

Taxable sales totaled \$132.8 billion in the first quarter of 2007, up \$4.0 billion (3.1%) from the first quarter of 2006. Growth was somewhat stronger than that of the fourth quarter of 2006, when taxable sales rose 2.1 percent.

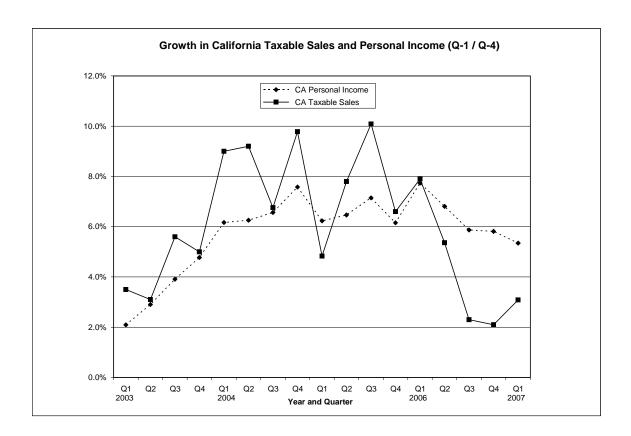
First quarter taxable sales increased 3.7 percent in Los Angeles County, faster than the statewide average of 3.1 percent. Taxable sales increased even more rapidly in the City of Los Angeles, 5.1 percent. Burbank and the City of Industry had double digit growth rates, 12.2 percent and 10.3 percent. Other large cities with faster than average taxable sales growth include Torrance, Santa Monica, and Pasadena, all with growth over five percent.

In constant dollar terms, taxable sales increased by 2.3 percent over the same quarter a year ago. The California Taxable Sales Deflator measured an inflation rate of 0.8 percent for the first quarter of 2007. The California CPI rose 3.4 percent. (The CPI includes services, whose prices tend to increase faster than those of most taxable goods.)

Taxable sales rose much more slowly than personal income, continuing a pattern evident since early 2006. California personal income increased 5.3 percent in the first quarter (*Editor's note: See chart and links to tables on* 2^{nd} *page*).

The slower growth in taxable sales may have reflected the state's declines in median home prices from double-digit year-over-year growth. California median home prices of existing single-family detached homes increased just 2.7 percent in the first quarter of 2007, down from 13.4 percent growth in the first quarter of 2006.

Notice: In early 2007, the Board of Equalization began a process of converting business codes of sales ands use tax permit holders to North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes. Over one million permit holders will be converted over time from the previous business coding system to the NAICS codes. As a result of the coding change process, industry data for 2007 are not comparable with data from 2006. Therefore, we will not publish percentage changes by industry until the coding process has been substantially completed. The NAICS coding process has also caused us to change the format of Table 1 attached to this release. We will continue to follow the general structure of our tables in past reports. However, some industries were previously listed within categories that no longer exist, and others have been combined into new ones.



On the BOE's website: View 1st Quarter 2007 Taxable Sales by Type of Business, by County, by City, or in the Taxable Sales in California Report

Chair Judy Chu represents the Fourth Board of Equalization District, which includes Los Angeles County. She won her election to the BOE in November 2006 and was elected Chair of the Board of Equalization in January 2008. Chair Judy Chu is also a voting member of the Franchise Tax Board.

The five-member California State Board of Equalization is a publicly elected tax board. The BOE collects more than \$53 billion annually in taxes and fees supporting state and local government services. It hears business tax appeals, acts as the appellate body for franchise and personal income tax appeals, and serves a significant role in the assessment and administration of property taxes.

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